



Establishment of an Impact Assessment Procedure as a tool for sustainability of agro-ecosystem: THE CASE OF MEDITERRANEAN OLIVES

Duration:

October 2010- June 2014

Budget:

2,105,442 €

EC Contribution:

1,052,221 €



E. MARKELLOU - BPI COORDINATING BENEFICIARY







Benaki Phytopathological Institute





'DEMETER' Directorate of Research Land Reclamation Institute

Soil and Water Management, Fertilization



The Goulandris Natural
History Museum
Greek Biotope-Wetland
Centre

Biodiversity



Rodax Ltd Quality Systems

Crop
Management
Consultancy



Agricultural University of Athens

Biodiversity (weeds, insects)







SAGE10

TARGET

Improvement of cultural practices applied in olive groves taking into account environmental impacts and parcel production capacity

STRATEGY

- Development of an "Impact Assessment Procedure" (IAP) for justified and objective evaluation of potential impacts of agricultural practices on environment, as a tool for ISO 14001/ EMAS planning in primary agriculture
- Incorporation of IAP as the core process of an advisory system aiming to propose to farmers' the most efficient use of their resources, with the objective to achieve long term sustainability of the agro-ecosystem, including a systematic upgrade to organic agriculture



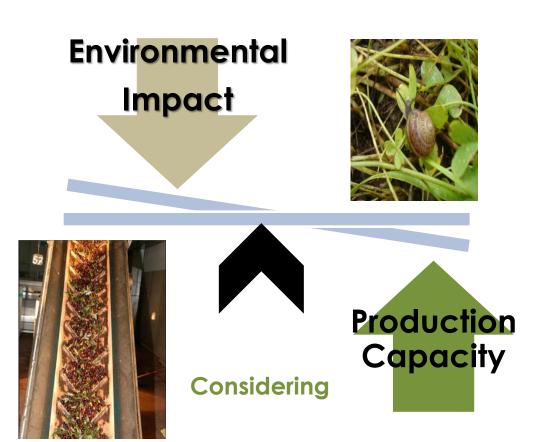
600 INDIVIDUAL OLIVE GROVES

(3 REGIONS IN GREECE)





PARCEL'S ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE -IAP



Target:

Olive products with minimum environmental impacts & at low cost', attractive to the consumer

the specific characteristics of the different regions/areas





IAP

KEY COMPONENTS





: Ube:

IAP: TRIPLETS



Agricultural activities (e.g. crop protection, pruning, fertilization, irrigation, soil management, harvesting, establishment of a new grove, storing of ppp's) **which have an environmental or human effect**



Impacts of aspects on different environmental compartments: e.g. surface water pollution, changes in biodiversity, soil acidity, health risks for workers in groves k.a



Biotic and abiotic environment (water bodies, soil, birds...), Humans (operator, worker, by stander)









WEIGHTING AND VALUE CLASSES OF PARAMETERS

The **Parameters of a Triplet** are different in terms of **significance** or **weight** in relation to **the Impact**



The parameters are divided into:

1. Simple or Complex

2. Parameters of the Environment or Producer



The severity of an Impact (High/ Moderate/ Low)
depends on the value/class of different
Parameters that define it



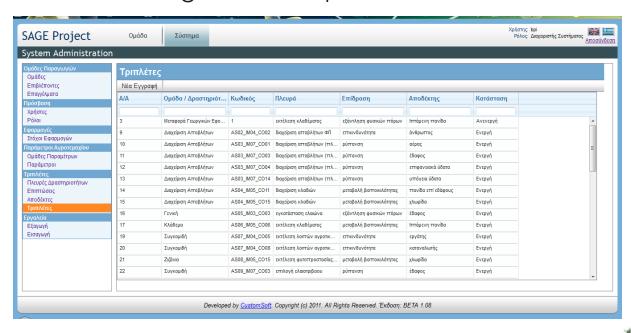




IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE

Weight and value classes of parameters

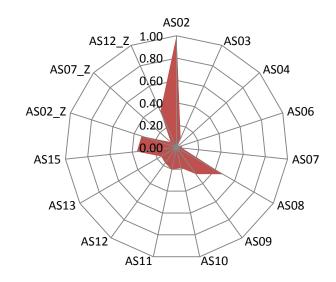
The severity of an impact is estimated by the Score of the relevant Triplet and is calculated using the values of the different parameters' classes and the weight of each parameter







Average triplets score by Aspect



management of waste from Plant Protection	AS02
waste management (except PPPs)-maintenance	
of equip	AS03
management of pruned wood	AS04
pruning	AS06
other agricultural activities (harvest, supervisio	AS07
plant protection (management of weeds)	AS08
irrigation	AS10
fertiliser application	AS11
application of plant protection product	AS12
general cultivation procedures	AS13
mechanical soil treatment	AS15

Which aspects (producer's cultural activities) have significant /major impacts on the compartments

The IAP results:

The <u>cultural</u> perspective













Exploring water and soil of 600 olive groves in south Greece

A.Panagopoulos, G. Arambatzis, Th. Karyotis, E. Hatziyannakis, A. Panoras E. Tziritis and S. Stathaki







Olive trees and water

- Olive trees are adapted to grow as a rainfed crop.
- Irrigation can increase yield and profitability, if water quality is not impaired by natural causes or by excessive abstraction.
- 3. Water quality is important for the other water users of the olive forest ecosystem.



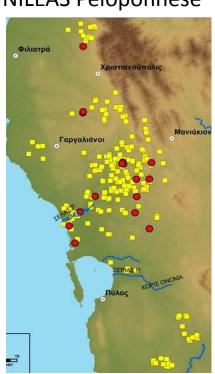


SAGE10

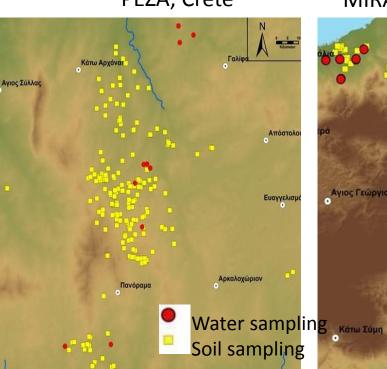
2010-2014

Olive trees and water

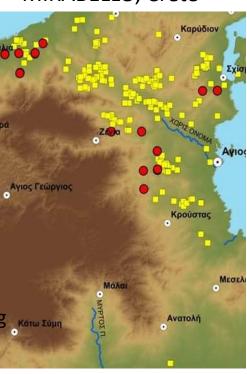
NILEAS Peloponnese



PEZA, Crete



MIRABELLO, Crete





Olive trees and water

104 water samples taken from 59 sources were analyzed for:

pH, EC, NO₃, NH₄, CO₃, HCO₃, Cl, SO₄, P, Ca, Mg, Na, K, B, Cu, Mn, Fe, Zn, Ni, Cd, Pb, SAR









2,288 analyses (2012-2013)







Olive trees and water Key Results

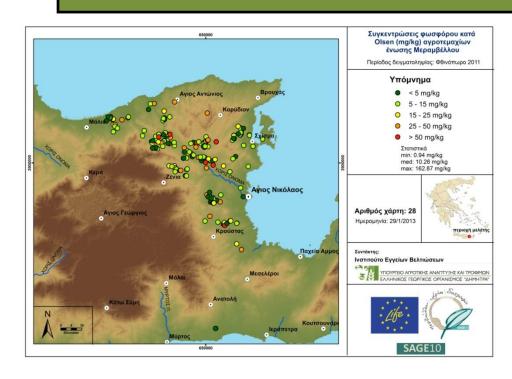
Water is of adequate quality for irrigation of olive trees in most cases







Olive trees and Soil



600 samples

Structure, pH, EC, Organic Carbon, Organic Matter (calculated values), CaCO₃, CEC, N_{kjeldahl}, NO₃, P-Olsen, (Na – K – Mg – Ca)_{exchangeable}, Fe, Mn, Zn, Cu, B, SAR (calc) and ESP (calc).





Olive trees and SoiL Key Results

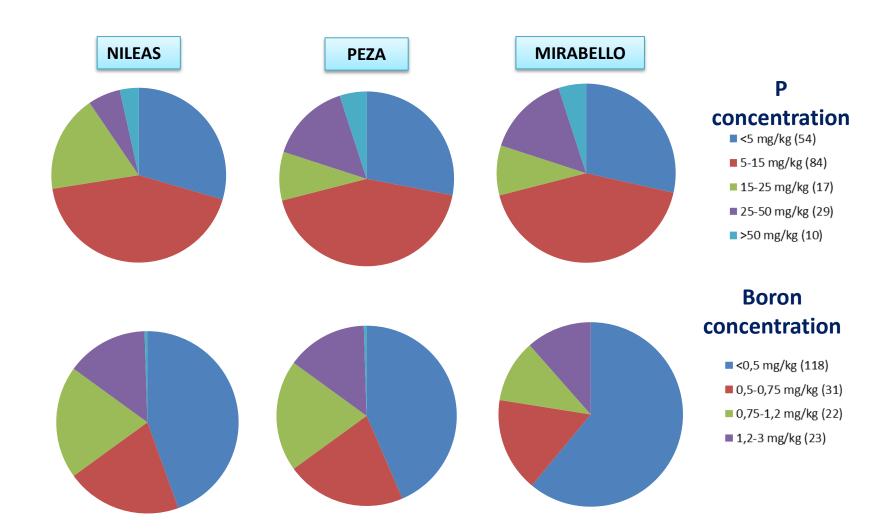
- 1. For 6 out of 200 olivegroves of NILEAS pH is low (4.7-5.9).
- 2. For 10 out of 200 olivegroves of Mirabello EC and ESP are high.
- 3. Only 1 of the 200 olivegroves of Peza was found with high ESP.

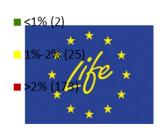












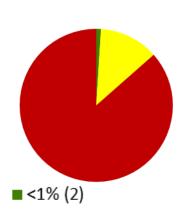


SAGE10

2010-2014

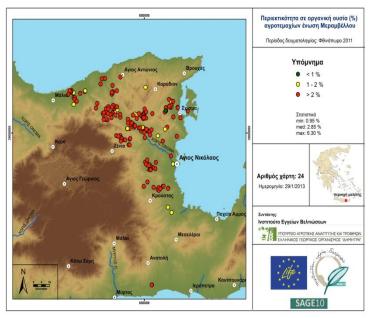
ORGANIC MATTER

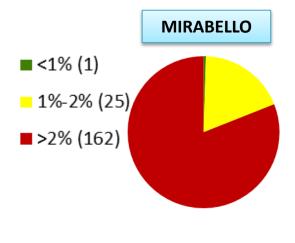
NILEAS

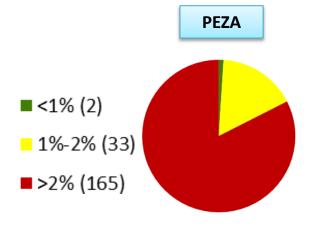


1%-2% (25)

>2% (173)













Land Suitability for Olive Trees Parcel Production Capacity (PPC)

Taking account of:

- 1. **Soil q**uality (structure, physical & chemical properties organic matter content and micronutrients) and,
- 2. Pedoclimatic factors

The 600 olive groves were classified for their suitability as \$1 (highly suitable), \$2 moderately suitable, \$3 (marginally suitable and finally N (unsuitable).





Land Suitability for Olive Trees Parcel Production Capacity (PPC)c

Restricting Factors:

Total	CEC cmol/kg	Organic matter	CaCO ₃	N _{total}	BS %	
		%		(mg/kg)		
No Samples	14	1	25	47	2	
%	5.3	0.4	9.5	17.8	0.8	

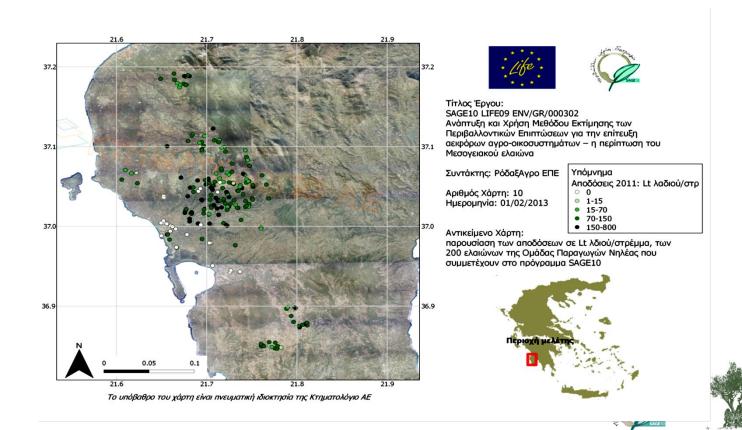
Total	Cu	Fe	Zn	В	Mn	N _{total}	K+	Mg ⁺⁺	P-Olsen
Total	mg/kg						cmol/kg		mg/kg
No Samples	0	10	218	41	45	71	50	0	121
%	0	3.8	82.9	15.6	17.1	27.0	19.0	0	46.0

NILEAS, Peloponnese





Land Suitability for Olive Trees Parcel Production (Yield kg/1000 m²)





PARCEL ASSESSMENT-SITE SPECIFIC GUIDELINES

LRI:

Guidelines for fertilisation (each individual parcel)

Publication of General Principles related to fertilization and water use (for the growers and the agronomists)

Identification of site specific problems-proposal for improvements



1. Στοιχεία πηγής αρδευτικού νερού

Είδος πηγής νερού & ονομασία	Τοποθεσία	Ιδιοκτήτης	Συντεταγμένες γεώτρησης
Γεώτρηση Β13LAS003	Λακώνια-Γωνιά Μεραμβέλλου Λασίθι Κρήτης	ΤΟΕΒ Αγίου Νικολάου	X 3510574 Ф 2538555

 Πίνακας αποτελεσμάτων χημικών αναλύσεων δείγματος νερού άρδευσης και παραμέτρων υπολογισμού (SAR, TDS, LSI)

Παράμετροι	Μονάδες	Τιμές	Παράμετροι	Μονάδες	Τιμές
EC	mS/cm	2,85	HCO ₃	meq/L	3,2
pH		7,8	В	mg/L	0,3
Na	meq/L	15,1	Cd	mg/L	
Ca	meq/L	5,6	Cu	mg/L	
Mg	meq/L	4,1	Fe	mg/L	
CI	meq/L	18,2	Mn	mg/L	
NO ₃ -N	mg/L	0,86	Ni	mg/L	
NH4-N	mg/L	0,32	Pb	µg/L	1,70
Ν συνολικό	mg/L	1,18	Zn	mg/L	
P	mg/L	0,007	SAR	meq/L ⁰³	6,9
K	mg/L	14,1	TDS	mg/L	1824
CO3	meq/L	0,4	LSI ₅₀		1,1

574 00 Σίνδος - Θεσσολονίκη **2** 2310-798790, 798144 **Fax** 2310-796352 **E-mail** panoras.LRI@magref.gr

γν μεταχείριση του εδάφους

μότητα των μικροθρεπτικών πιθανώς

εδα, συνιστάται όμως να εμένης κοπριάς 1-1.5 τόνους στο ία, και εφόσον είναι οικανομικά

ιργήσουν προβλήματα με τα μικροθρεπτικά ισφοπενίες Fe, Zn, Cu, Μn, σμοτο των μικροθρεπτικών (βλέπε ικονοποιητική παραγωγή, ν δημιουργεί προβλήματα στην ελιά. προβλήματα στραγγίσεως.

τική Λίπανση

ες στο στρέμμα). Η βασική αζωτούχος κειμώνος δεν είναι υπερβαλικά ικό κατά δέντρο 0.2 μονάδες υς παραγωγής. Αν πάσουν πολλές 5 αζώτου κατά δέντρο, ανόλογα με θεί κοπρία, οι μονάδες αξώτου να

γή (ανάλογη με την παραγωγική ραυ κατά δέντρο κάθε χρόνο, Μπορεί ξ (15 ως 20 μονάδες φωσφόρου στο ται λίπανση συντήρησης ή να να αποφασισθεί η συνέχιση ή η

οι σσυνήθιστη στη ελιά, ιδιοίτερα α πρέπει να χορηγηθεί σίδηρος

αργύρου είναι ασυνήθιστη στην ελιά. πρέμμα θεικού ψευδαργύρου κατά

ίδες μετά την πλήρη άνθιση.









PESTICIDES RESIDUES IN SOIL (Glyphosate, metabolite AMPA)



SOIL

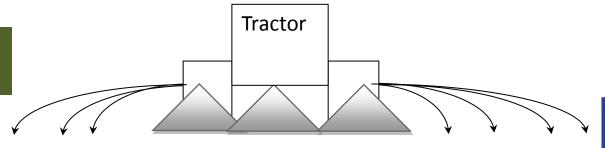
AREA 1					
No Samples	29				
No of plots with glyphosate and	16				
AMPA residues detected in soils					
Range of glyphosate	0,15-0,35				
concentrations (mg/kg)					
Range of AMPA concentrations	0,02-0,65				
(mg/kg)					
AMPA residues detected in soils Range of glyphosate concentrations (mg/kg) Range of AMPA concentrations (mg/kg)					

In same cases the concentrations of the metabolite AMPA in soil were higher that those calculated by the model FOCUS. Monitoring is in progress

E. Karassali & E. Karanasios, 2012

AREA 2				
No Samples	32			
No of plots with glyphosate and AMPA residues detected in soils	17			
Range of glyphosate concentrations (mg/kg)	0,03-0,24			
Range of AMPA concentrations (mg/kg)	0,01-0,08			
Residues within the expected limits				

New herbicide application bar











Productivity of Olive Trees towards Parcel Production Capacity (PPC)c Integration of LIFE+ Projects

SAGE10:

Ensure high yield using practices that have no significant environmental impacts in 600 groves 2010-2014

oLIVE CLIMA:

Increase Soil Organic Matter on 120 groves by:

- increased CO2 sequestration and
- reduced GHG emissions



2012-2017





Establishment of an Impact Assessment Procedure as a tool for sustainability of agro-ecosystem: THE CASE OF MEDITERRANEAN OLIVES

Main Deliverables





Greek oil marketing support

1. IAP Method for impact assessment

- 2. Training Material (for in situ parameter assessment/measurement, environmental friendly cultural practices and the IAP Method)
- **3. Guidelines** (arae/site and parcel specific)
- 4. Environmental Performance Indicators Greek oil marketing



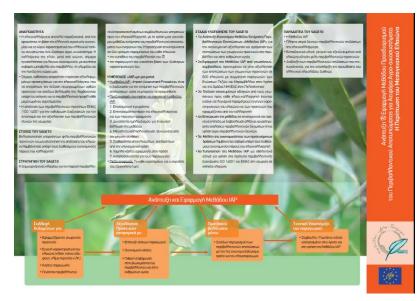




Establishment of an Impact Assessment Procedure as a tool for sustainability of agro-ecosystem: THE CASE OF MEDITERRANEAN OLIVES

SAGE10 Archtrof) και εφαρμογή μεθόδου προσδιαρισμού του περιθαλλοντικού αποτιπισμέπους για σευφόρει αγγο-συσκοποτήματα Η περίπτυση του Λετογγαίκου Ελευώνα Τεστρα-είκα Το SAGE10 (Πρόσδος του Έργου) Το SAGE10 (LIFEOS ΕΝΙΥΚΙΚΟΝΟΙΟΟΣΟΣ SAGE 10) είναι δια πλιστικό πρόγραμμα που στοχεύει στην συφορία των Μετογιακών Αρρο-Οκοσυστημάτων και αιδικότερο στη συφορία του μεσογιακού υλαίώνα, με την μακραίωκη ιστορία, μέσω της δημισυργίας ενός εργαλέσου Εκτίμησης Περιβαλλοντικού Επιπτώσεων. Το πρόγραμμα θα εφαρμοστεί σε πλιστική κλίμοκα σε μια ένταση 1, 500-2, 000 στρεμμάτων κατσκεμημένων σε <u>τρεικ περιοχές πια Κοιπιάς Κλλάδος (</u>Κόο στην Κρήτη και μία στην Πεοστοφορια θα συμμετάσχουν περί τους 80 Αμαστορικής και δε αποξερογματον κατσκεμημένων σε <u>τρεικ περιοχές πια Κοιπιάς Κλλάδος (</u>Κόο στην Κρήτη και μία στην Πεοστοφορια θα συμμετάσχουν περί τους 80 Αμαστορικής και δε αποξερογμα σε συσκον έδου στην Κρήτη και μία στην Πεοστοφορια δα συμμετάσχουν περί τους 80 Αμαστορικής και δε στορικός και δε στορικής και ο στοκοι Κευτρογή

WEBSITEwww.sage10.gr



LEAFLET &TRAINING MATERIAL





- Creation of a human networkintegration of scientists with growers
- Public consultation for IAP –relevant for scientists
- Presentation of IAP to growers' Unions
- Presentation of IAP to Regulators and Industry- EC, DG SANCO, ECPA,











Thank you for your attention

